

# **IPC-A-600G**

# Acceptability of Printed Boards

Developed by the IPC-A-600 Task Group (7-31a) of the Product Assurance Committee (7-30) of IPC

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Users of this publication are encouraged to participate in the development of future revisions.

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# Introduction

## 1.1 SCOPE

This document describes the preferred, acceptable, and non-conforming conditions that are either externally or internally observable on printed boards. It represents the visual interpretation of minimum requirements set forth in various printed board specifications, i.e.; IPC-6010 series, ANSI/J-STD-003, etc.

#### 1.2 PURPOSE

The visual illustrations in this document portray specific criteria of the requirements of current IPC specifications. In order to properly apply and use the content of this document, the printed wiring product should comply with the design requirements of the applicable IPC-2220 series document and the performance requirements of the applicable IPC-6010 series document. In the event the printed wiring product does not comply with these or equivalent requirements, then the acceptance criteria should be as defined between a user and supplier agreement as part of the procurement documentation.

The illustrations in this document portray specific criteria relating to the heading and subheading of each page, with brief descriptions of the acceptable and nonconforming conditions for each product class. (See 1.4 Classification.) The visual quality acceptance criteria are intended to provide proper tools for the evaluation of visual anomalies. The illustrations and photographs in each situation are related to specific requirements. The characteristics addressed are those that can be evaluated by visual observation and/or measurement of visually observable features.

Supported by appropriate user requirements, this document should provide effective visual criteria to quality assurance and manufacturing personnel.

This document cannot cover all of the reliability concerns encountered in the printed board industry; therefore, attributes not addressed in this issue **shall** be agreed upon between user and supplier. The value of this document lies in its use as a baseline document that may be modified by expansions, exceptions, and variations which may be appropriate for specific applications.

This is a document for minimum acceptability requirements and is not intended to be used as a performance specification for printed board manufacture or procurement.

In the event of a conflict between the requirements of this document and the applicable product performance specification, the following precedence **shall** be used:

- a) Approved Printed Board Procurement Document
- b) Generic Specifications

- c) Applicable Performance Specification
- d) Acceptability of Printed Boards (IPC-A-600)

When making accept and/or reject decisions, the awareness of documentation precedence must be maintained.

This document is a tool for observing how a product may deviate due to variation in processes. Refer to IPC-9191.

IPC-A-600 provides a useful tool for understanding and interpretating Automated Inspection Technology (AIT) results. AIT may be applicable to the evaluation of many of the dimensional characteristics illustrated in this document.

#### 1.3 APPROACH TO THIS DOCUMENT

Characteristics are divided into two general groups:

- Externally Observable (Section 2)
- Internally Observable (Section 3)

"Externally observable" conditions are those features or imperfections which can be seen and evaluated on or from the exterior surface of the board. In some cases, such as voids or blisters, the actual condition is an internal phenomenon and is detectable from the exterior.

"Internally observable" conditions are those features or imperfections that require microsectioning of the specimen or other forms of conditioning for detection and evaluation. In some cases, these features may be visible from the exterior and require microsectioning in order to assess acceptability requirements.

Specimens should be illuminated during evaluation to the extent needed for effective examination. The illumination should be such that no shadow falls on the area of interest except those shadows caused by the specimen itself. It is recommended that polarization and/or dark field illumination be employed to prevent glare during the examination of highly reflective materials.

### 1.4 CLASSIFICATION

This document recognizes that the acceptable extent of imperfection for specific characteristics of printed boards may be determined by the intended end use. For this reason, three general classes have been established based on functional reliability and performance requirements.

**Class 1** — General Electronic products: Includes consumer products, some computer and computer peripherals suitable for applications where cosmetic imperfections are not important, and the major requirement is function of the completed printed board.

**Class 2** — Dedicated Service Electronic Products: Includes communications equipment, sophisticated business machines, and instruments where high performance and